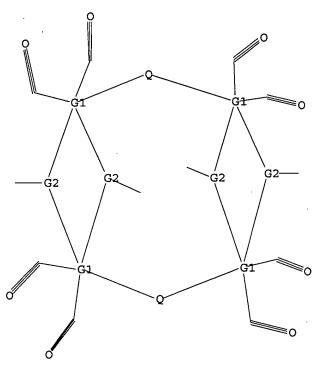
(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:35:02 ON 30 MAY 2003)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:35:11 ON 30 MAY 2003 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d l1

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1



G1 Cr,Fe,Mn,Mo,Os,Re,Ru,W G2 O, S, Se, Te

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s l1[.]

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 16:35:38 FILE 'REGISTRY' SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 4570 TO ITERATE

1000 ITERATIONS 21.9% PROCESSED INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED) SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

0 ANSWERS

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE** BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 87348 TO 95452

PROJECTED ANSWERS: 0 TO 0

L20 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> s l1 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 16:35:44 FILE 'REGISTRY' FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 92716 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 92716 ITERATIONS (40 INCOMPLETE) 40 ANSWERS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.13

=> fil caplus
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

FULL ESTIMATED COST

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 148.55 148.76

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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 13 L4 25 L3

=> d 1-25 bib abs

- L4 ANSWER 1 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 2001:27634 CAPLUS
- DN 134:237606
- TI Synthesis, structure, and reactivity of .eta.1- and .eta.3-allyl rhenium carbonyls
- AU Aechter, Bernd; Polborn, Kurt; Beck, Wolfgang
- CS Department Chemie, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universitat, Munchen, Germany
- SO Zeitschrift fuer Anorganische und Allgemeine Chemie (2001), 627(1), 43-54 CODEN: ZAACAB; ISSN: 0044-2313
- PB Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH
- DT Journal
- LA German
- OS CASREACT 134:237606
- In (.eta.3-C3H5)Re(CO)4 one CO ligand can be substituted by PPh3, AB pyridine, isocyanide, and PhCN. Similar reactions with Ph2PHCH: CHPHPh2, 1,1'-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene and 1,2-di-4-pyridinylethane gave dinuclear ligand-bridged complexes. The .eta.3-.eta.1 conversion of the allyl ligand occurs on reaction of (.eta.3-C3H5)Re(CO)4 with the bidentate ligands Ph2PH(CH2)nPHPh2 (n = 2-3) and with 2,2'-bipyridine (L-L), which gives (.eta.1-C3H5)Re(CO)3(L-L). By reaction of (.eta.3-C3H5)Re(CO)4 with H2C(PHPh2)2, the allyl group is protonated, and, upon elimination of propene, (OC) 3Re (Ph2PCHPPh2) (.eta.1-Ph2PCH2PPh2) (I) with a diphosphinomethanide ligand is formed. On heating solns. of (.eta.3-C3H5)Re(CO)4 and (.eta.3-C3H5)Re(CO)3(CNC6H3-2,5-Me2) in MeOH, MeO-bridged Re4(CO)12(OH)(OMe)3 and Re2(CO)4(CNC6H3-2,5-Me2)4(.mu.-OMe)2 (II) were isolated. The crystal structures of (.eta.3-C3H5) Re(CO)3(CNCH2SiMe3), [(.eta.3-C3H5)(OC)3Re]2[.mu.-bis-(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene], (.eta.1-C3H5)Re(CO)3(bpy), I, II, and

(OC)3Re[Ph2P(H2)3PPh2]Cl were detd. by x-ray diffraction.

RE.CNT 136 THERE ARE 136 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L4 ANSWER 2 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 1998:609369 CAPLUS
- DN 129:339049
- TI Carbidoheptarhenate Cluster Complexes of Mercury with Hydrosulfide or Functionalized Thiolate Ligands
- AU Brand, Udo; Shapley, John R.
- CS Department of Chemistry, University of Illinois, Urbana, IL, 61801, USA
- SO Inorganic Chemistry (1998), 37(21), 5697-5699 CODEN: INOCAJ; ISSN: 0020-1669
- PB American Chemical Society
- DT Journal
- LA English
- The mercury carbidoheptarhenate cluster complexes [PPh4]2[Re7C(CO)21HgSR] (R = H, CH2CH2NH2, CH2CH2CO2H, 4-pyridyl) and [PPh4][Re7C(CO)21HgSR] (R = 4-pyridinium) were prepd. from the reactions of [PPh4]2[Re7C(CO)21HgOH] with H2S and the functionalized thiolates cysteamine, 3-mercaptopropionic acid and 4-mercaptopyridine, resp. [PPh4]2[Re7C(CO)21HgSH] was characterized by x-ray crystallog. (triclinic, space group P.hivin.1, R1 = 0.0604). The [Re7C(CO)21HgSH]2- cluster showed the expected framework of a 1,4-bicapped octahedron with the Hg on the opposite face of the octahedral Re6C core from the capping Re(CO)3 group.
- RE.CNT 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L4 ANSWER 3 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 1998:171881 CAPLUS
- DN 128:238470
- TI The propensity of alkoxide and aryloxide derivatives of tungsten carbonyls to aggregate in solution. Synthesis and x-ray structures of dinuclear, trinuclear and tetranuclear complexes derived from the MeOW(CO)5- anion
- AU Darensbourg, Donald J.; Klausmeyer, Kevin K.; Draper, Jennifer D.; Chojnacki, Jennifer A.; Reibenspies, Joseph H.
- CS Department of Chemistry, Texas A&M University, College Station, TX, 77843-3255, USA
- SO Inorganica Chimica Acta (1998), 270(1,2), 405-413 CODEN: ICHAA3; ISSN: 0020-1693
- PB Elsevier Science S.A.
- DT Journal
- LA English
- [Et4N] [W(CO) 50Me] (1) was prepd. from the reaction of the photochem. AB generated W(CO)5THF adduct and [Et4N][OH] in methanol. Complex 1 was shown to undergo rapid CO dissocn. in THF to quant. provide the dimeric dianion, [W(CO)40Me]22-. The resulting THF insol. salt [Et4N]2[W(CO)4OMe]2 (2) was structurally characterized by x-ray crystallog., with the doubly bridging methoxide ligands being in an anti configuration. Complex 2 was found to subsequently react with excess methoxide ligand in a THF slurry to afford the face-sharing octahedron complex [Et4N] 3 [W2(CO)6(OMe)3] (3) which contains three doubly bridging methoxide groups. In the absence of excess methoxide ligand complex 2 cleanly yields tetrameric [Et4N]4[W(CO)30Me]4 (4) which was structurally characterized as a cubane-like arrangement with triply bridging .mu.3-methoxide groups and W(CO)3 units. Although complex 3 was not characterized in the solid state, the closely related glycolate deriv. [Et4N]3[W2(CO)6(OCH2CH2OH)3] (5) was synthesized and its structure detd. by x-ray crystallog. The trianions of complex 5 are linked in the crystal lattice by strong intermol. hydrogen bonds. Crystal data for 2: space group P21/n, a 7.696(2), b 22.019(4), c 9.714(2) .ANG., .beta. 92.22(3).degree., Z = 4, R = 6.43%. Crystal data for 4: space group Fddd, a 12.433(9), b 24.01(2), c 39.29(3) .ANG., Z = 8, R = 8.13%. Crystal data for 5: space group P212121, a 11.43(2), b 12.91(1), c 29.85(6) .ANG., Z =

8, R = 8.29%. Finally, the rate of CO ligand dissocn. in the closely related aryloxide derivs. [Et4N] [W(CO)5OR] (R = C6H5 and 3,5-F2C6H3) are 2.15 .times. 10-2 and 1.31 .times. 10-3 s-1, resp., in THF soln. at 5.degree.. Hence, the value of the rate const. of 2.15 .times. 10-2 s-1 establishes a lower limit for the 1st-order rate const. for CO loss in the W(CO)5OMe- anion, since the methoxide ligand is a better .pi.-donating group than phenoxide.

RE.CNT 41 THERE ARE 41 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L4 ANSWER 4 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 1996:331028 CAPLUS
- DN 125:130713
- TI Organometallic alkylthiolate-bridged manganese cubanes
- AU Reyes-Lezama, Marisol; Toscano, Ruben A.; Zuniga-Villarreal, Noe
- CS Instituto de Quimica, UNAM, Circuito Exterior, Ciudad Universitaria, Coyoacan, 04510, Mex.
- SO Journal of Organometallic Chemistry (1996), 517(1-2), 19-23 CODEN: JORCAI; ISSN: 0022-328X
- PB Elsevier
- DT Journal
- LA English
- The thermal reaction of tricarbonyl-.eta.5-pentadienylmanganese 1, with mercaptans RSH leads to the corresponding tetramers [MnSR(CO)3]4 (R = Ph 2, furfuryl 3, and phenethyl 4). Synthetic and spectroscopic aspects, as well as the single crystal x-ray structure of 3, are discussed.
- L4 ANSWER 5 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 1995:842811 CAPLUS
- DN 123:305045
- TI Synthesis, Characterization, and Molecular Orbital Analysis of [Et4N]2[(OC)5MoAsMo3(CO)9(.mu.3-OR)3Mo(CO)3] (R = Me, Et). X-ray Structure of [Et4N]2[(OC)5MoAsMo3(CO)9(.mu.3-OMe)3Mo(CO)3].cntdot.0.6thf
- AU van Hal, Jaap W.; Whitmire, Kenton H.; Zouchoune, Bachir; Halet, Jean-Francois; Saillard, Jean-Yves
- CS Dep. Chem., Rice Univ., Houston, TX, 77251, USA
- SO Inorganic Chemistry (1995), 34(22), 5455-60 CODEN: INOCAJ; ISSN: 0020-1669
- PB American Chemical Society
- DT Journal
- LA English
- NaAsO2 reacts with Mo(CO)6 in refluxing MeOH or EtOH to yield [Et4N]2[(OC)5MoAsMo3(CO)9(.mu.3-OR)3Mo(CO)3] (R = Me, [Et4N]2[Ia]; R = Et, [Et4N]2[Ib]). [Et4N]2[Ia] crystallizes as the THF solvate, [Et4N]2[Ia].cntdot.0.6THF, in space group P21/n, with a 12.0420(46), b 25.7455(81), c 18.1991(56) .ANG., .beta. 94.277(28).degree., and V = 5626(5.9) .ANG.3, and was refined on F2 to wR2 = 0.1802 and a conventional R1 = 0.0836. [Ia]2- is built around a tetrahedral AsMo3 core. A Mo(CO)3 fragment is bonded to the Mo3 base via three triply bridging methoxy . ligands. The structure is completed by a Mo(CO)5 fragment which is bonded to the lone pair of the As. The compd. does not obey the usual electron-counting rules, and extended Hueckel calcns. on an idealized model with C3v symmetry showed that the extra electron pair is located in an a2 orbital, equally delocalized over the three Mo atoms of the Mo3 base.
- L4 ANSWER 6 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 1995:715227 CAPLUS
- DN 123:286221
- TI Heterocyclic Carbenes IV. Metal complexes with heterocyclic Carbene Ligands: Syntheses, Structures and Molecular Dynamics
- AU Oefele, Karl; Herrmann, Wolfgang A.; Mihalios, Dimitrios; Elison, Martina; Herdtweck, Eberhardt; Priermeier, Thomas; Kiprof, Paul
- CS Anorganisch-chemisches Institut der Technischen Universitaet Muenchen,

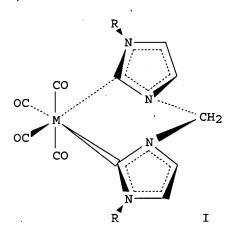
Lichtenbergstrasse 4, Garching b. Munchen, D-85747, Germany Journal of Organometallic Chemistry (1995), 498(1), 1-14 CODEN: JORCAI; ISSN: 0022-328X

PB Elsevier DT Journal LA German

OS CASREACT 123:286221

GΙ

SO 1



Group-VI transition metal complexes of heterocyclic carbene ligands were AΒ obtained in 41-45% yields through reaction of azolium precursor salts with carbonyl metalates. Dicarbene complexes cis-M(CO)4(L-L) (e.g., I, R = Me) and fac-M(CO)3(L)3 (M = Cr, Mo, W) were obtained by optimal choice of the heterocyclic azolinylidene ligands (I = imidazolinylidene, I-I = imidazolinylidene-methylene-imidazolinylidene, and I-BI = imidazolinylidene-methylene-benzimidazolinylidene) with respect to their donor and acceptor properties. These complexes reflect the electronic properties of their carbene ligands. The W complex cis-W(CO)4(I-BI), exhibiting a mixed-carbene chelate ligand, and the Mo complex, representative of the 1st example of a tris(carbene) complex fac-Mo(CO)3(I)3, were characterized by single crystal x-ray diffraction studies. Substituted complexes fac-Mo(CO)3(L L)L' (L' = pyridine, PPh3, P(OCH3)3, tBu-NC, I) were synthesized and structurally characterized for the example of fac-M(CO)3(L L)[PPh3]. Low-temp. NMR-spectroscopy reveals a dynamic behavior for certain chelating dicarbene ligands, which process implies a butterfly-type conformational movement.

L4 ANSWER 7 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

AN 1995:337468 CAPLUS

DN 122:265560

TI Reactions of Primary Amines with (.eta.5-Pentadienyl)- and (.eta.5-Methylpentadienyl)tricarbonylmanganese Complexes. Synthesis, Characterization, and Structural Studies

AU Paz-Sandoval, M. Angeles; Sanchez Coyotzi, Rosalina; Zuniga Villareal, Noe; Ernst, Richard D.; Arif, Atta M.

CS Centro de Investigacion y de Estudios Avanzados, Instituto Politecnico Nacional, Mexico City, 07000, Mex.

SO Organometallics (1995), 14(2), 1044-52 CODEN: ORGND7; ISSN: 0276-7333

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 122:265560

AB Reactions of primary amines with (.eta.5-pentadienyl)tricarbonylmanganese (1) were studied and compared with analogous secondary amine and phosphine

Cyclohexylamine reacts with 1 to give isomeric [1-(cyclohexylamino)(2-4-.eta.3)-pentenyl]tricarbonylmanganese, Mn[NH(C6H11)(CH2-.eta.3-CHCHCHMe)](CO)3 (2) and the 1-(cyclohexylamino)(1-3-.eta.3)-pentenyl complex Mn[NH(C6H11)(.eta.3-CHCHCHEt)](CO)3 (4). In both cases, N is added regioselectively to the terminal C atom on the pentadienyl ligand and also becomes coordinated to the Mn atom. In the case of the isopropyl- and tert-butylamines, the reactions with complex 1 form exclusively [1-amino-(1-3-.eta.3)-pentenyl]tricarbonylmanganese complexes $Mn[NH(R) \cdot (.eta.3-CHCHCHEt)]$ (CO)3 (R = i-Pr (5), t-Bu (6)), while mixts. of Mn[NH(R)(.eta.3-CHCHCHPr)](CO)3(R = i-Pr(11), t-Bu(12)) and \cdot Mn[NH(R) (.eta.3-CMeCHCHEt)] (CO)3 (R = i-Pr (11'), R = t-Bu (12')) regioisomers are obtained from the reaction with (.eta.5methylpentadienyl)tricarbonylmanganese (10), except for the case of R = cyclohexyl, from which the 1-cyclohexyl-(1-3)-.eta.3-hexenyl complex Mn[NH(C6H11)(.eta.3-CHCHCHPr)](CO)3 13 is obtained. The conversion from 11', 12' to 11, 12, resp., suggests that 11' and 12' are the kinetic and 11 and 12 the thermodn. products in these reactions. Compd. 2 represents a formal 1,5-addn. product to the pentadienyl ligand and is structurally novel for the amine addn. compds. Its x-ray crystal anal. revealed that the cyclohexylamine group has coupled to the pentadienyl group, leading to a 1-cyclohexylamino-(2-4-.eta.3)-pentenyl fragment coordinated through the N atom and the allyl moiety to the Mn atom. This structure is similar to that for the P analog. The crystals of 2 are orthorhombic, space group P212121, with a 7.449(5), b 12.572(2), c 16.350(3) .ANG. (Z = 4). The structure was refined to discrepancy indexes of R = 0.0402 and Rw = 0.0460 for 1046 reflections having I > 3.sigma.(I). From differences in bond lengths and angles apparently the strain induced by coordination of the enyl-amine ligand is much lower than that resulting for the analogous enyl-phosphine complex. Single-crystal x-ray diffraction studies of 5 and 6 show that their aminopentenyl ligands are bonded to Mn through an .eta.3 interaction and also by N coordination. Compd. 5 crystallizes in the monoclinic space group P21/c, with a 10.308(3), b 10.935(2), c 12.359(2) .ANG., .beta. 110.56(2).degree. (Z = 4); R = 0.0306 and Rw = 0.0324 for 1614 reflections with I > 3.sigma.(I). Crystals of 6 are orthorhombic, space group Pbca with a 7.197(1), b 18.879(2), c 20.561(3) .ANG. (Z = 8); R = 0.0524 and Rw = 0.0569 for 1037 reflections with I .gtoreq. 3.sigma.(I). The two complexes have distorted-octahedral geometries without significant differences relative to analogous secondary amine derivs. Complexes 4-6 and 11-13 proved to be more reactive species than the corresponding aminopentenyl derivs. derived from secondary amines.

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L4 ANSWER 8 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
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- AN 1994:218101 CAPLUS
- DN 120:218101
- TI Multiple bonds between Main-Group elements and transition metals. CXXVI. Heterocyclene-carbenes as phosphine-analog ligands in metal complexes
- AU Oefele, Karl; Herrmann, Wolfgang A.; Mihalios, Dimitrios; Elison, Martina; Herdtweck, Eberhardt; Scherer, Wolfgang; Mink, Janos
- CS Lehrstuhl fuer Anorganische Chemie I, Anorganisch-chemisches Institut der Technischen Universitaet Muenchen, Lichtenbergstrasse 4, D-85747 Garching b., Munchen, Germany
- SO Journal of Organometallic Chemistry (1993), 459(1-2), 177-84 CODEN: JORCAI; ISSN: 0022-328X
- DT Journal
- LA German
- OS CASREACT 120:218101

GI

Carbenes L derived from imidazole and triazole, as generated from the ΔR corresponding azolium precursor salts, smoothly react with simple metal carbonyls such as M(CO)6 (M = Cr, Mo, W), Fe(CO)5, and Ni(CO)4 to give the substitution products M(CO)5L, Fe(CO)4L, Ni(CO)3L, and Ni(CO)2L2, resp., owing to the pronounced C-nucleophilicity of the free carbenes L. Dicarbenes LL form chelate complexes of type M(CO)4(LL) upon treatment with M(CO)6 (M = Cr, Mo, W). The new bis(carbene)nickel(0) complex Ni(CO)2L2 (I) and the first member of a metal complex M(CO)4(LL) (II) exhibiting a chelating dicarbene of the triazole series were characterized by x-ray crystallog. Thus, heterocyclic mono- and (chelating) dicarbenes of the aza-type are congeners of phosphines and diphosphines, resp., with regard to their metal-coordination chem. Both in terms of ligand properties and metal complex synthesis, they closely resemble electron-rich phosphines, e.g., trimethylphosphine.

- L4ANSWER 9 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- 1993:419267 CAPLUS AN
- DN 119:19267
- Synthesis and x-ray crystal structure of a tetrahedral bismuth-molybdenum TТ carbonyl complex possessing three bridging methoxy ligands, [Et4N] 2 [BiMo4 (CO) 12 (.mu.3-OMe) 3]
- Shieh, Minghuey; Mia, Fu Der; Peng, Shie Ming; Lee, Gene Hsiang ΑU
- Dep. Chem., Natl. Taiwan Norm. Univ., Taipei, 11718, Taiwan CS
- SO Inorganic Chemistry (1993), 32(12), 2785-7 CODEN: INOCAJ; ISSN: 0020-1669
- DTJournal
- LA English
- When NaBiO3 reacts with Mo(CO)6 in MeOH, [BiMo4(CO)12(.mu.3-OMe)3]2- is AB obtained. [Et4N]2[BiMO4(CO)12(.mu.3-OMe)3].CH2Cl2 (1) was characterized by IR, 1H NMR spectra, and single crystal x-ray diffraction. The anionic nucleus consists of a tetrahedral BiMo3 cluster with an external Mo atom linked to the Mo3 triangle by 3 .mu.3-OMe ligands; each Mo atom in the tetrahedron is 8 coordinate, while the external Mo atoms is assocd. with 1 Crystallizes as monoclinic, space group P21/n, a 13.615(4), b 19.035(6), c 19.087(6) , .beta. 103.58(3).degree., Z = 4, R = 0.049, Rw = 10.0490.048. The electron count and some reactivity of 1 are discussed.
- L4 ANSWER 10 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 1987:415337 CAPLUS
- DN 107:15337
- ΤI Organosulfide group transfer reactions of transition-metal carbonyl radicals: electronic and steric effects
- ΑU
- Lee, Kang Wook; Brown, Theodore L. Sch. Chem. Sci., Univ. Illinois, Urbana, IL, 61801, USA CS
- so Inorganic Chemistry (1987), 26(12), 1852-6 CODEN: INOCAJ; ISSN: 0020-1669
- DT Journal
- LA English

- Photochem. reactions of M2(CO)10 (M = Mn, Re) with RSSR (R = Me, Ph) or AB MessiMe3 in hexane at ambient temp. yield (.mu.-SR)2M2(CO)8 (70-85%) and [M(CO)3SR]4 (0-15%). The corresponding reaction of Re2(CO)8L2 almost quant. yields (.mu.-SR) 2Re2(CO)6L2, and the reaction of Re2(CO)10 and [Me2NC(S)S]2 gives (.eta.2-S2CNMe2)Re(CO)4. The initial product for each reaction is RSM(CO)4L (L = CO, PR3), formed by RS group transfer from RSSR to the .bul.M(CO)4L radical generated by photolysis. (.mu.-SR)2M2(CO)8 is in equil. with the 16-electron species RSM(CO)4 under photochem. conditions. Laser flash photolysis kinetics studies reveal the electronic and steric effects of L ligands in the Re(CO)4L.bul. radical and the steric effect of the R group in RSSR on the group transfer rate const. The relative rate consts. for reactions of Re(CO)4PMe3.bul. with various dialkyl disulfides decrease in the order Me > n-Bu > sec-Bu > tert-Bu (630:280:36:1). The rate consts. for group transfer for a series of Re(CO)4L.bul. radicals fit a 2-parameter free energy relation wherein the electronic and the steric parameters of L are represented. The reaction is accelerated by increased electron donor capability of L and retarded by increased size of L.
- L4 ANSWER 11 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 1986:60991 CAPLUS
- DN 104:60991
- TI Reactions of the carbido cluster anion [Re7C(CO)21]3- with Group IB metals: x-ray crystal structure of the novel heterometallic carbide [{Re7AqC(CO)21}2Br]5-
- AU Beringhelli, T.; D'Alfonso, G.; Freni, M.; Ciani, G.; Sironi, A.
- CS Dip. Chim. Inorg. Metallorg., Univ. Milano, Milan, 20133, Italy
- SO Journal of Organometallic Chemistry (1985), 295(1), C7-C10 CODEN: JORCAI; ISSN: 0022-328X
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB [Re7C(CO)21]3- reacts with AuClPPh3, (AgClPPh3)4, AgBF4 and [Cu(NCMe)4]PF6 to give adducts exhibiting a Re7M (M = Cu, Ag, Au) skeleton, of trans-bicapped octahedral geometry. Crystals of [{Re7AgC(CO)21}2Br](NBu4)5 are monoclinic, space group P21/n, with a 22.302(6), b 22.701(5), c 30.997(7).ANG., .beta. 95.07(2).degree., Z = 4, and R (Rw) = 0.050(0.045) for 5132 independent reflections with I .gtoreq. .sigma.(I).
- L4 ANSWER 12 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 1984:156751 CAPLUS
- DN 100:156751
- TI Synthesis, structure, and reactivity of a polynuclear chromium tetraanion, tetrakis[(.mu.3-methoxo)tricarbonylchromate(0)]
- AU McNeese, Timothy J.; Cohen, Maurice B.; Foxman, Bruce M.
- CS Dep. Chem., Loyola Coll., Baltimore, MD, 21210, USA
- SO Organometallics (1984), 3(4), 552-6 CODEN: ORGND7; ISSN: 0276-7333
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Reaction of Cr(CO)6 with excess OH- in refluxing MeOH yields a polynuclear Cr tetraanion, [Cr4(CO)12(.mu.3-OMe)4]4- (I), isolated as its R4N+ (R = Me, Et) salt. The x-ray structure of [Et4N]4[Cr4(CO)12(.mu.3-OMe)4] was detd. I consists of a distorted cubic Cr4O4 arrangement with triply bridging .mu.3-OMe groups and Cr(CO)3 units. A nonbonding Cr-Cr distance of 3.31 (6) .ANG. (av.) is consistent with a closed-shell metal configuration. (MeCN)3Cr(CO)3 is formed as the exclusive product when I is treated with HCl in MeCN. Addn. of I to concd. NH4OH quant. yields Cr(CO)3(NH3)3.
- L4 ANSWER 13 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 1982:227932 CAPLUS
- DN 96:227932
- TI 'Evidence for the formation of a formatomolybdate [Mo(O2CH)(CO)5] during

the water gas shift reaction induced by molybdenum hexacarbonyl in basic media

- AU Attali, S.; Mathieu, R.; Leigh, G. J.
- CS Lab. Chim. Coord., Univ. Paul Sabatier, Toulouse, 31400, Fr.
- SO Journal of Molecular Catalysis (1982), 14(3), 293-5 CODEN: JMCADS; ISSN: 0304-5102
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB The anion [Mo(O2CH)(CO)5] is formed during the water gas shift reaction in basic media, and this anion is a likely catalytic intermediate in the water gas shift reaction under such conditions.
- L4 ANSWER 14 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 1982:192318 CAPLUS
- DN 96:192318
- TI Synthesis and characterization of zerovalent polynuclear metal carbonyl compounds of chromium, molybdenum, and tungsten. X-ray crystal structure of [Me4N]3[W3(CO)9(.mu.-OC2H5)(.mu.3-OC2H5)2]
- AU Ellis, John E.; Rochfort, Gary L.
- CS Dep. Chem., Univ. Minnesota, Minneapolis, MN, 55455, USA
- SO Organometallics (1982), 1(5), 682-9 CODEN: ORGND7; ISSN: 0276-7333
- DT Journal
- LA English
- Compds. of the general formula [NR4]n[M(CO)3(XR)]n (n = 3 or 4) (M = Cr, AB Mo, W; XR = OMe, OEt, SPh) were prepd. by refluxing the corresponding M(CO)3PMTA (PMTA = 1,1,4,7,7-pentamethyldiethylenetriamine) with the appropriate NaXR in THF, followed by metathesis with tetramethyl- or tetraethylammonium halides. Treatment of W(CO)3PMTA or W(CO)3(CH3CN)3 with NaOPh provides after cation exchange a substance formulated as [Et4N]3[W2(CO)6(.mu.-OPh)3]. These complexes were characterized by IR and NMR spectra and elemental analyses. Also, the product obtained from the reaction of NaOEt with W(CO)3PMTA followed by metathesis with Me4NBr was characterized by a single-crystal x-ray structure detn. This material has the formula [Me4N]3[W3(CO)9(.mu.-OEt)(.mu.3-OEt)2]. The anion contains a highly unsym. metal triangle which is best considered to contain only 1 W-W bond. The mol. crystallizes in space group Cc (No. 9) with 2 crystallog. independent mols. in the unit cell. Crystal data: a 14.831(4), b 41.686(14), c 12.905(3) .ANG., .beta. 90.74(4).degree., Z = 4, V = 7978(7) .ANG.3, and .rho. (calcd) = 1.848 g/cm3.
- L4 ANSWER 15 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 1979:432018 CAPLUS
- DN 91:32018
- TI Syntheses, structures, and reactions of trimeric and tetrameric alkoxotricarbonylmanganese complexes
- AU Abel, Edward W.; Farrow, Graham; Towle, Ian D. H.
- CS Dep. Chem., Univ. Exeter, Exeter, UK
- SO Journal of the Chemical Society, Dalton Transactions: Inorganic Chemistry (1972-1999) (1979), (1), 71-3
 CODEN: JCDTBI; ISSN: 0300-9246
- DT Journal
- LA English
- MnBr(CO)5 reacts with ROSnMe3 (R = Me, Et, Pr, CHMe2, Bu, cyclohexyl, CH2CH:CH2, CH2Ph) to give [Mn(OR)(CO)3]3 and [Mn(OCH2Ph)(CO)3]4. The structure of the trimers is based on a scalene triangle of Mn atoms in which only one of the sides is a Mn-Mn bond, with face- and edge-bridging alkoxide groups. The tetramer is a cube of Mn and O atoms with only face-bridging alkoxide groups. [Mn(OEt)(CO)3]3 reacts with PMe2Ph, PhOH, and PhSH, to give Mn3(OEt)3(CO)8(PMe2Ph), Mn3(OEt)2(OPh)(CO)9, and [Mn(SPh)(CO)3]4, resp.
- L4 ANSWER 16 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 1979:132002 CAPLUS

- DN 90:132002
- TI Tetranuclear tricarbonylrhenium complexes with oxygen-containing bridging ligands
- AU Herberhold, Max; Suess, Georg; Ellermann, Jochen; Gaebelein, Helmut
- CS Anorg.-Chem. Inst., Tech. Univ. Muenchen, Munich, Fed. Rep. Ger.
- SO Chemische Berichte (1978), 111(8), 2931-41 CODEN: CHBEAM; ISSN: 0009-2940
- DT Journal
- LA German
- The reaction of either Re2(CO)10 or Re(CO5)Cl with H2O at 200.degree. gives [Re(CO)3(OH)]4 (I). A pseudocubane structure without metal-metal bonds and in which the Re(CO)3 groups are linked by triply bridging OH ligands is proposed for I. Substitution of the H atoms in I gives [Re(CO)3OR]4 (R = Me, Et). Deuteration of I in D2O/ether gives the adduct [Re(CO)3OD.OEt2]4 and metalation with Li gives the salt [Re(CO)3O-Li+]4 which is stable in THF soln. for a short time only. Lewis bases (L) are attached to I via H bonds to give [Re(CO)3OH.L]4 (L = THF,OPPh3, Et4NBr), which are very stable. The IR and Raman spectra of I and its derivs. are discussed.
- L4 ANSWER 17 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 1976:188830 CAPLUS
- DN 84:188830
- TI Transformation of sulfur-bridged carbonyl complexes of manganese and rhenium and carbon monoxide under pressure
- AU Kuellmer, Volker; Vahrenkamp, Heinrich
- CS Chem. Lab., Univ. Freiburg, Freiburg/Br., Fed. Rep. Ger.
- SO Chemische Berichte (1976), 109(4), 1569-71 CODEN: CHBEAM; ISSN: 0009-2940
- DT Journal
- LA German
- AB [(CO)3MSR]4 (M = Mn, Re; R = Me, H) in CCl4 react under CO pressure to give [(CO)4MSR]2, whereas [(CO)4MSR]2 (R = H, C6F5) react under CO pressure to give (CO)5MSR. The compds. were identified by ir spectra.
- L4 ANSWER 18 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 1975:600144 CAPLUS
- DN 83:200144
- TI Carbonylrhenium cluster by photoreaction of decacarbonyldirhenium with water
- AU Herberhold, Max; Suess, Georg
- CS Anorg.-Chem. Inst., Tech. Univ. Muenchen, Munich, Fed. Rep. Ger.
- SO Angewandte Chemie (1975), 87(19), 710 CODEN: ANCEAD; ISSN: 0044-8249
- DT Journal
- LA German
- The photolysis of decacarbonyldirhenium, Re2(CO)10, in aq. ether yields the known trinuclear hydrido complex, [Re(CO)4H]3 (I), as well as the tetranuclear hydroxo complex [Re(CO)3(OH)]4 (II). During the reaction I is converted to II, so that after prolonged irradn. only II is obtained. II is colorless, stable in air, and not volatile in a high vacuum. The ir, NMR, and mass spectra indicate that II is a tetranuclear, tetrahedral tricarbonylrhenium complex.
- L4 ANSWER 19 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 1972:159625 CAPLUS
- DN 76:159625
- TI Crystal and molecular structure of tetrakis[tricarbonyl-.mu.-(methanethiolato)rhenium]
- AU Harrison, W.; Marsh, W. C.; Trotter, J.
- CS Dep. Chem., Univ. British Columbia, Vancouver, BC, Can.
- SO Journal of the Chemical Society, Dalton Transactions: Inorganic Chemistry (1972-1999) (1972), (10), 1009-11 CODEN: JCDTBI; ISSN: 0300-9246

- DT Journal
- LA English
- The structure of [Re(CO)3(SMe)]4 was detd. by x-ray anal. Crystals were trigonal, space group P3121, with a 10.07, c 25.92 .ANG., d.(exptl.) 2.80, and d.(calcd.) 2.78 for Z = 3. The structure was refined to R 0.054 for 812 obsd. reflections. The mol. lies on a crystallog. 2-fold axis. The Re atoms form an almost regular tetrahedron with each S atom equidistant from the 3 nearest Re atoms and the C-S bonds normal to the triangular faces of the tetrahedron. Re-S distances are 2.48-2.52 .ANG. and Re-Re distances are 3.853-3.957 .ANG. confirming the absence of any formal Re-Re bonding: any Re-Re interaction must be through the triply bridging S atoms.
- L4 ANSWER 20 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 1971:35829 CAPLUS
- DN 74:35829
- TI Structure of organothio-metal tricarbonyl tetramers. X-ray analysis of [Re(CO)3SMe]4
- AU Mclean, Ronald A. N.; Abel, Edward W.; Harrison, William; Marsh, Wayne C.; Trotter, James
- CS Dep. Chem., Univ. British Columbia, Vancouver, BC, Can.
- SO Journal of the Chemical Society [Section] D: Chemical Communications (1970), (22), 1531-3
 CODEN: CCJDAO; ISSN: 0577-6171
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB According to an x-ray diffraction study, [Re(CO)3SMe]4 is trigonal, space group P3121, with a 10.07(1) and c 25.92(2) .ANG.; Z=3. The structure is almost a regular tetrahedron with each S atom equidistant from the 3 nearest Re atoms and the C-S bonds normal to the triangular planes of the tetrahedron. The Re-Re distances are very long; thus, any interaction between the Re atoms is through the triply bridging S atoms.
- L4 ANSWER 21 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 1969:119760 CAPLUS
- DN 70:119760
- TI Vibrational spectra and structures of the organothiotricarbonylrheniums and related species
- AU Abel, Edward W.; Hendra, Patrick J.; McLean, R. A. N.; Qurashi, M. M.
- CS Univ. Bristol, Bristol, UK
- SO Inorganica Chimica Acta (1969), 3(1), 77-80 CODEN: ICHAA3; ISSN: 0020-1693
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Ir and Raman spectra of [Re(CO)3X]4 (X = SMe, SPh, and SePh) are reported. These have been assigned on the basis of Td symmetry by analogy with measurements on Ir4(CO)12. This suggests that the compds. [Re(CO)3X]4 have a tetrahedron of metal atoms with X over the center of the triangular faces. The absence of intense bands in the required region of the Raman spectrum of [Re(CO)3SMe]4 lends support to the idea of little or no metal-metal interaction in such a structure.
- L4 ANSWER 22 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 1969:33931 CAPLUS
- DN 70:33931
- TI Reactions of manganese and rhenium pentacarbonyl halides with sulfur-containing ligands
- AU Jenkins, C. R.
- CS Univ. Bristol, Bristol, UK
- SO Journal of Organometallic Chemistry (1968), 15(2), 441-5 CODEN: JORCAI; ISSN: 0022-328X
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB The interaction of Mn(CO)5Br and Re(CO)5Br with 4,5-dicyano-2,2-dimethyl-

- 1,3-dithia-2-stannacyclopentene is reported. The reaction of the pentacarbonyl halides with (methylthio) and (phenylthio) trimethylsilane has also been investigated and the possible structure of the products is discussed.
- L4 ANSWER 23 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 1969:24370 CAPLUS
- DN 70:24370
- TI Combination spectra: structure and bonding in tetrakis(tricarbonylorganothiomanganese and -rhenium) compounds
- AU Braterman, Paul S.
- CS Univ. Glasgow, Glasgow, UK
- SO Journal of the Chemical Society [Section] A: Inorganic, Physical, Theoretical (1968), (12), 2907-9
 CODEN: JCSIAP; ISSN: 0022-4944
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Species of the type [M(CO)3SR]x (M = Mn, Re) are shown from fundamental and combination ir spectra to be tetrameric in soln. and to have a regular tetrahedral structure with no metal-metal bonding.
- L4 ANSWER 24 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 1968:39789 CAPLUS
- DN 68:39789
- TI Polynuclear organoselenium derivatives of manganese and rhenium carbonyl
- AU Abel, Edward W.; Crosse, Brian C.; Hutson, G. V.
- CS Univ. Bristol, Bristol, UK
- SO Journal of the Chemical Society [Section] A: Inorganic, Physical, Theoretical (1967), (12), 2014-17 CODEN: JCSIAP; ISSN: 0022-4944
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Alkyl- and aryl-selenotin compds. react with pentacarbonyl halides of manganese and rhenium to produce the dimeric [M(CO)4SeR]2 species, in marked contrast to the corresponding reactions of Sn-S compds., which produce the tricarbonyls [M(CO)3SR]n. Similar tricarbonyls [M(CO)3SeR]n, believed to contain a cluster of metal atoms, are obtained by pyrolysis of the tetracarbonyl species.
- L4 ANSWER 25 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
- AN 1967:89450 CAPLUS
- DN 66:89450
- TI Mass spectra of inorganic molecules. III. Some transition-metal carbonyl halide and thiol compounds
- AU Edgar, K.; Johnson, Brian F. G.; Lewis, Jack; Williams, Ian Gabriel; Wilson, John Miller
- CS Univ. Manchester, Manchester, UK
- SO Journal of the Chemical Society [Section] A: Inorganic, Physical, Theoretical (1967), (3), 379-82 CODEN: JCSIAP; ISSN: 0022-4944
- DT Journal
- LA English
- cf. CA 66, 60018j. The mass spectra of several transition-metal halides and thiol derivs. have been investigated. With the monomeric compds.

 Mn(CO) 5X, Re(CO) 5X (X = Cl or I), and Fe(CO) 4I2 the primary fragmentation involves the loss of both CO and halogen. The halogen-bridged dimers,

 Mn2(CO) 8I2, Re2(CO) 8Cl2, Re2(CO) 8I2, and Rh2(CO) 4Cl2, and the related thiol-bridged compds. Fe2(CO) 6S2R2 (R = Me, Et, Bu, or Ph), Mn2(CO) 8S2R2 (R = Et or Bu), and Re2(CO) 8S2Ph2 lose carbonyl groups preferentially with the preservation of the M2X2 or M2S2 nucleus. Evidence is also presented for the formation of tetrameric thiol compds. M4(CO) 12S4R4 (M = Mn, R = Et or Bu; M = Re, R = Ph) and a trimeric Re compd. Re3(CO) 9S3Ph3.